

# The Effects of Pulsed Ionospheric Flows on EMIC Wave Behaviour

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# Talking Points

- ◆ Continuous ULF Pulsations (Pc)
  - Frequency band 0.1-1.4 Hz (Pc1)
  - Observed on the ground between 56°-76°Mlat
- ◆ Pulsed Ionospheric Flows
  - Observed by han and pyk radars
- ◆ Ion Upwelling
  - Enhanced temperature and upward velocity

# Key Observational Methods

- ◆ Finnish Pulsation Magnetometer Chain
- ◆ SUPERDARN
- ◆ EISCAT

# Pc1-2 (0.1-5Hz) Pulsation phenomenology

- ◆ Magnetospheric generation is predominantly equatorial. (Loto'aniu et al. 2005)
  - ◆ Generation has been associated with but is not necessarily bound to occur near the plasmapause. (Fraser and Nguyen 2000)
  - ◆ "Normal", left-hand polarised, Alfvénic mode is fieldline guided.
  - ◆ Conversion to non-guided modes can occur through:
    - Interaction with heavy ions.
    - Coupling to the conducting ionosphere.
  - ◆ Ground observations are dependent on:
    - Magnitude of driving instability.
    - Propagation path.
    - Dissipation mechanism.
- ◆ Associated with:
    - Cusp region: Short lived unstructured Pc1 pulsations (Menk et al. 1992).
    - Reconnection events: anisotropic magnetosheath ions (Safargaleev et al. 2004).
    - Spectral width enhancements in artificially induced SUPERDARN backscatter coincident with Pc4 ULF wave activity (Wright et al. 2004).

# ElectroMagnetic Ion Cyclotron (EMIC) Waves

- ◆ Wave growth occurs through wave-particle resonance.
- ◆ Pulsations occur in the Pc1-2 band (0.1-5 Hz).
- ◆ Instability driven by temperature anisotropy

Incident wave frequency, Doppler shifted in to the frame of the ion, must satisfy the resonance condition.

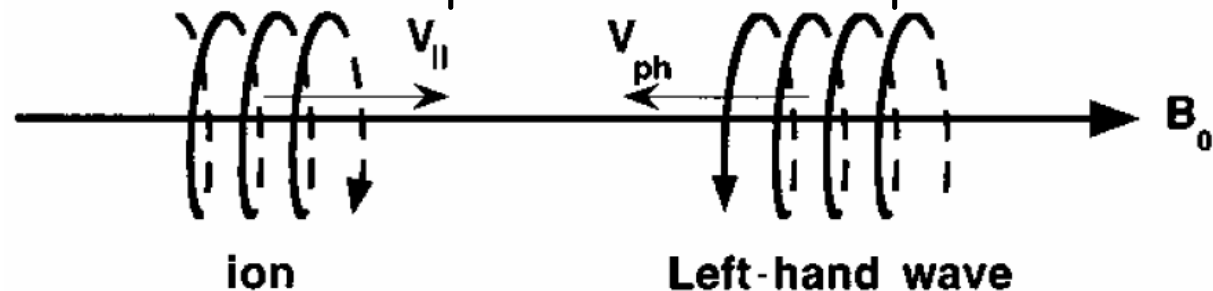
$$\omega - k \cdot V = n\Omega$$

$\omega$  = wave frequency,  $k$  = wave vector  
 $\Omega$  = local gyrofrequency of the  $n^{\text{th}}$  harmonic order

$$T_{\perp} > T_{\parallel}$$

Perpendicular ion temperature must greatly exceed Parallel Temperature.

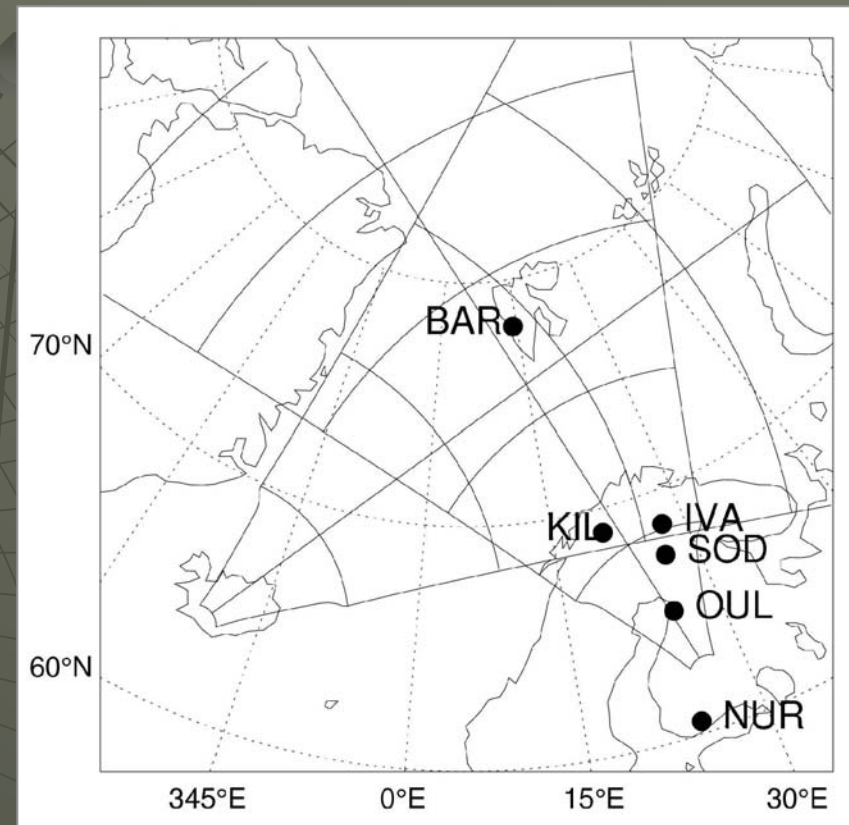
Normal Ion Cyclotron Resonance involves a left hand polarised electromagnetic wave coupling with a temperature-anisotropic ion





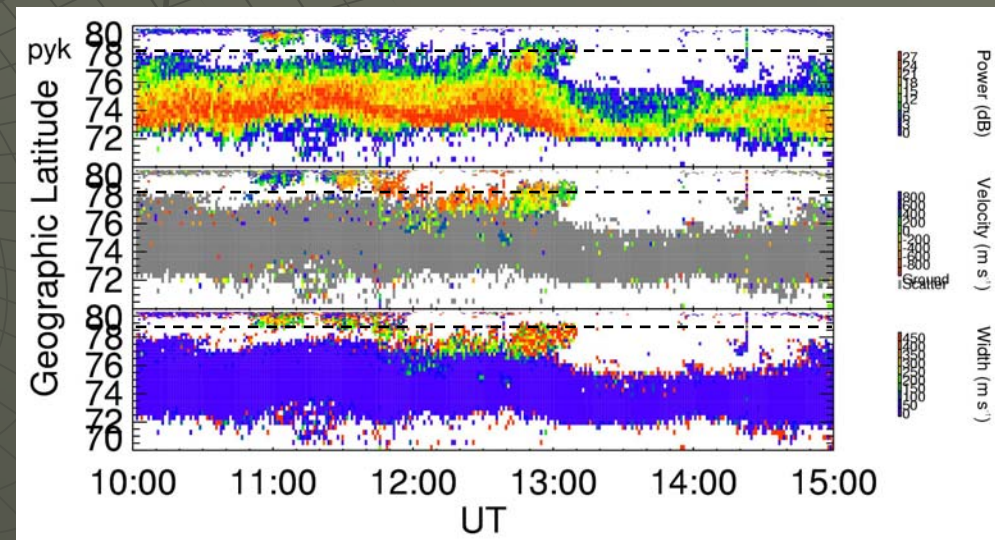
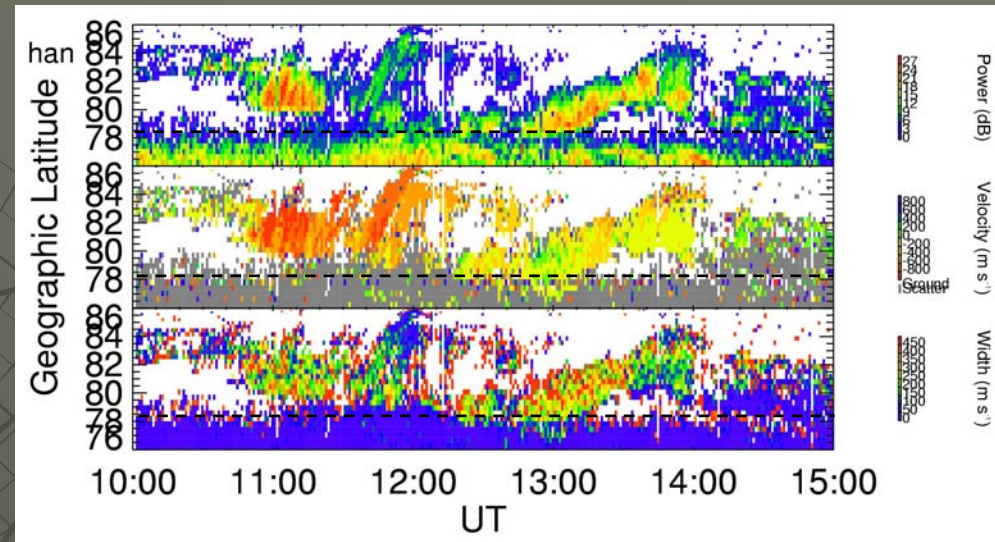
# Finnish Pulsation Magnetometer Chain

- ◆ Lowest Latitude station at Nurmijärvi, Finland.
- ◆ Highest latitude Station Located in Barentsburg, Svalbard.
  - ~40km from the ESR.
  - In the field of view of CUTLASS.
- ◆ Triaxial induction coil magnetometers (H,D,Z).
- ◆ 40Hz sample rate.
- ◆ Optimised response at 1 Hz.



# Pulsed Ionospheric Flows

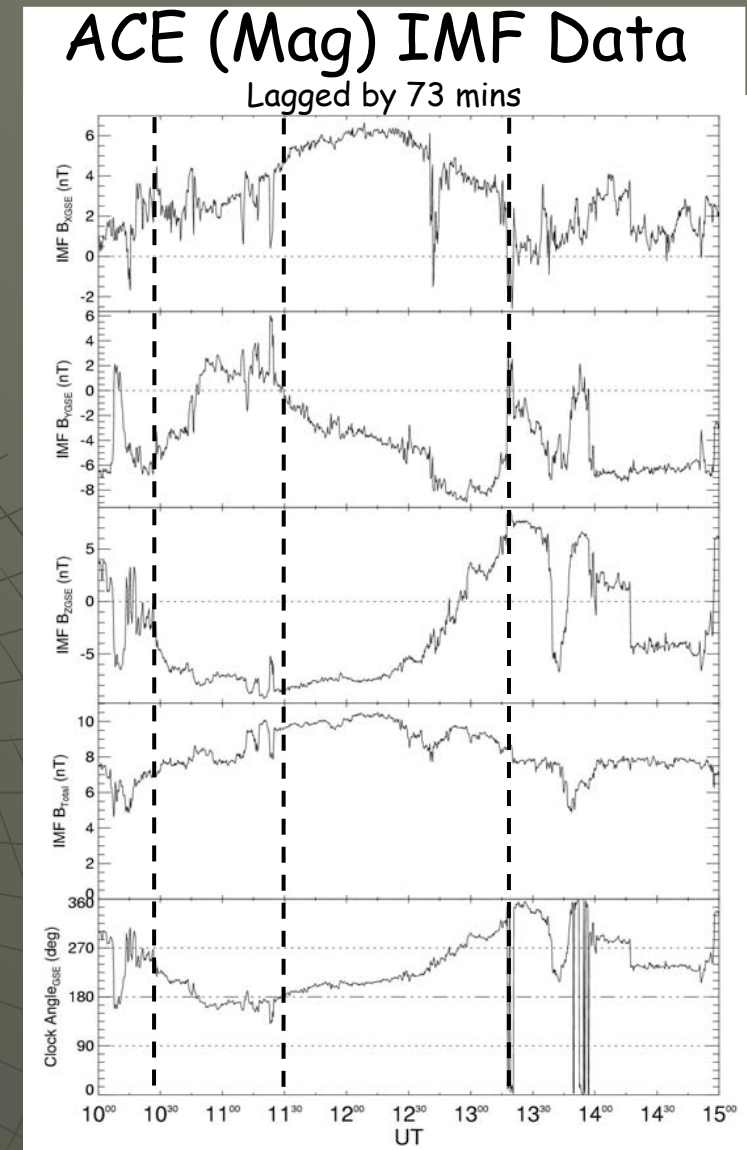
- ◆ September 25<sup>th</sup> 2005.
- ◆ At ~10.40 Pulsed Ionospheric Flows (PIFs) are observed in Hankasalmi Radar
- ◆ A short time later PIFs/PMRAFs observed in Pykkvibaer Radar.
- ◆ Flows persist for ~2.5 hours.





# IMF Conditions

- ◆  $\sim 10.30$   $B_z$  becomes strongly negative and remains so for the remainder of the interval.
- ◆  $\sim 11.30$   $B_y$  negative at UT
- ◆  $\sim 13.30$  quiescent conditions return

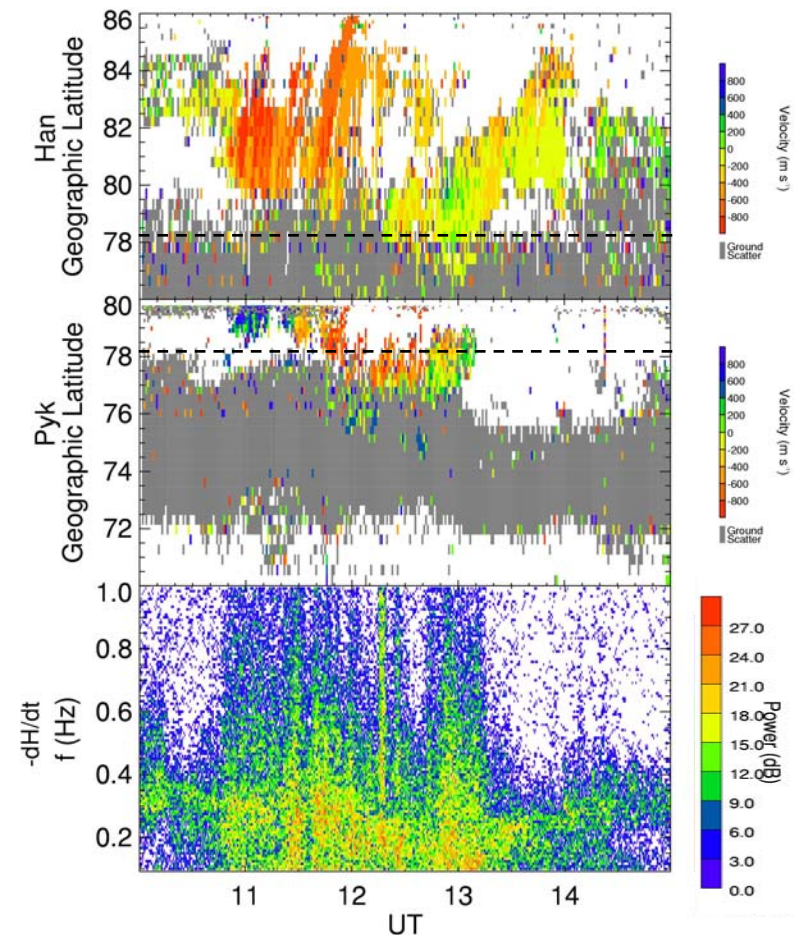


# Simultaneous PIF-Pc1 Observation

- ◆ Pc 1-2 pulsations of frequency 0.1-0.2 Hz occur simultaneously.
- ◆ Pulsations contain a distinct band limited substructure.
- ◆ Pulsations are not limited to observed PIF interval.

Cutlass LTV, Barentsburg Dynamic Spectrum

25 September 2005



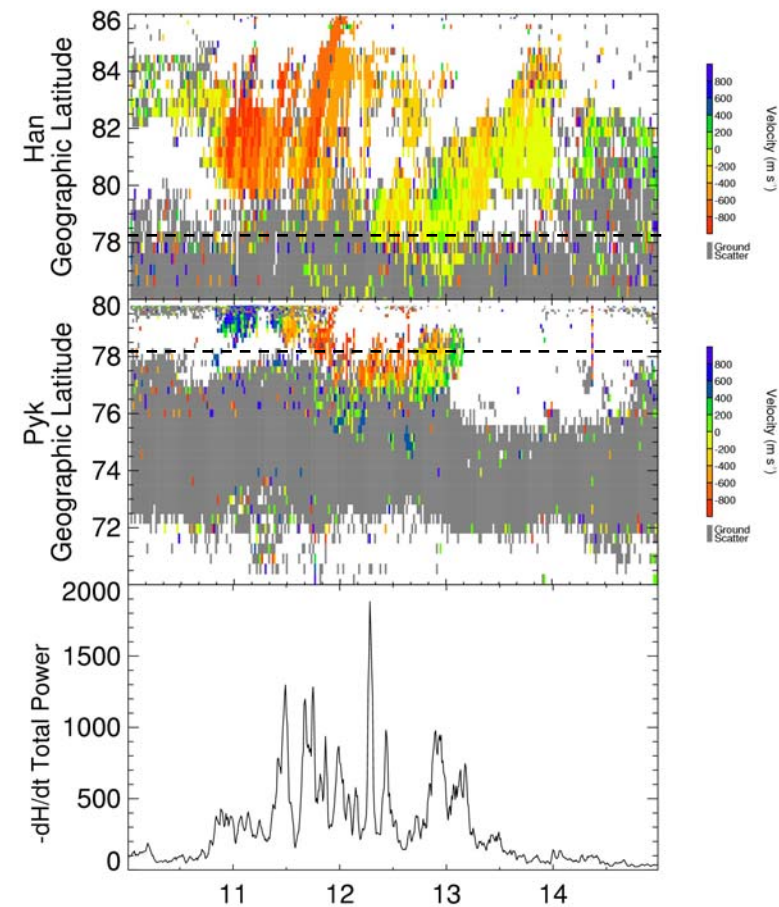


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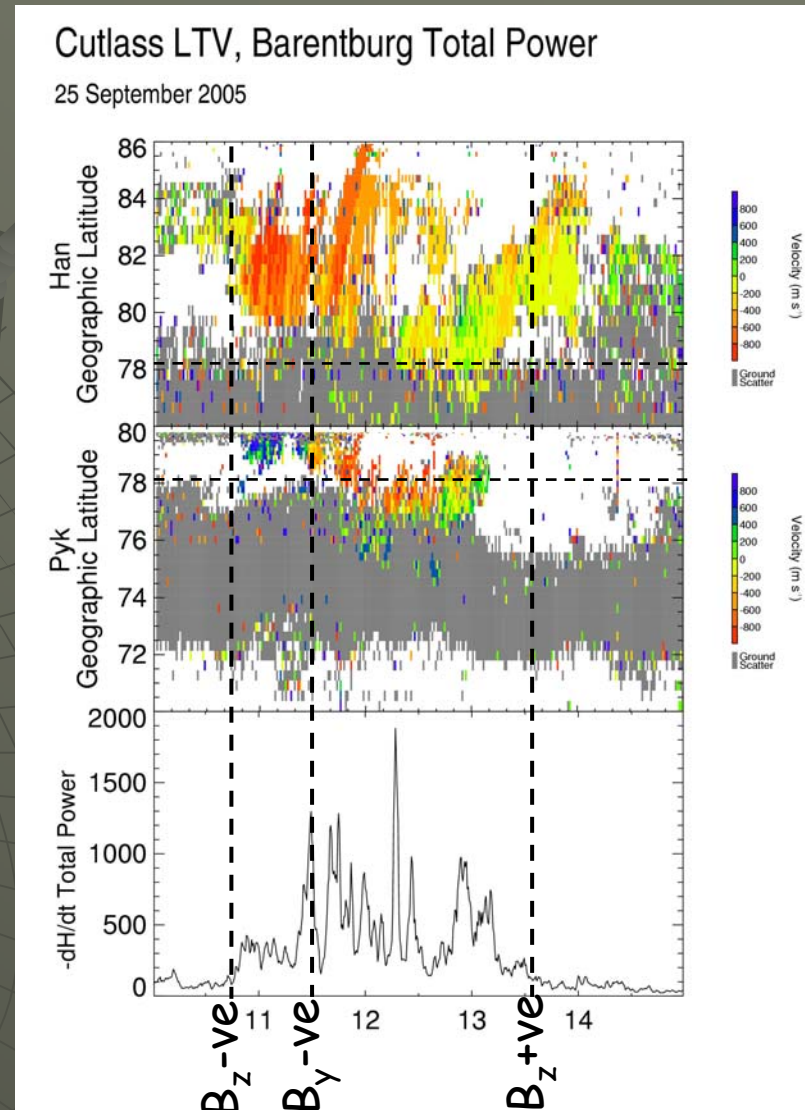
Cutlass LTV, Barentsburg Total Power

25 September 2005



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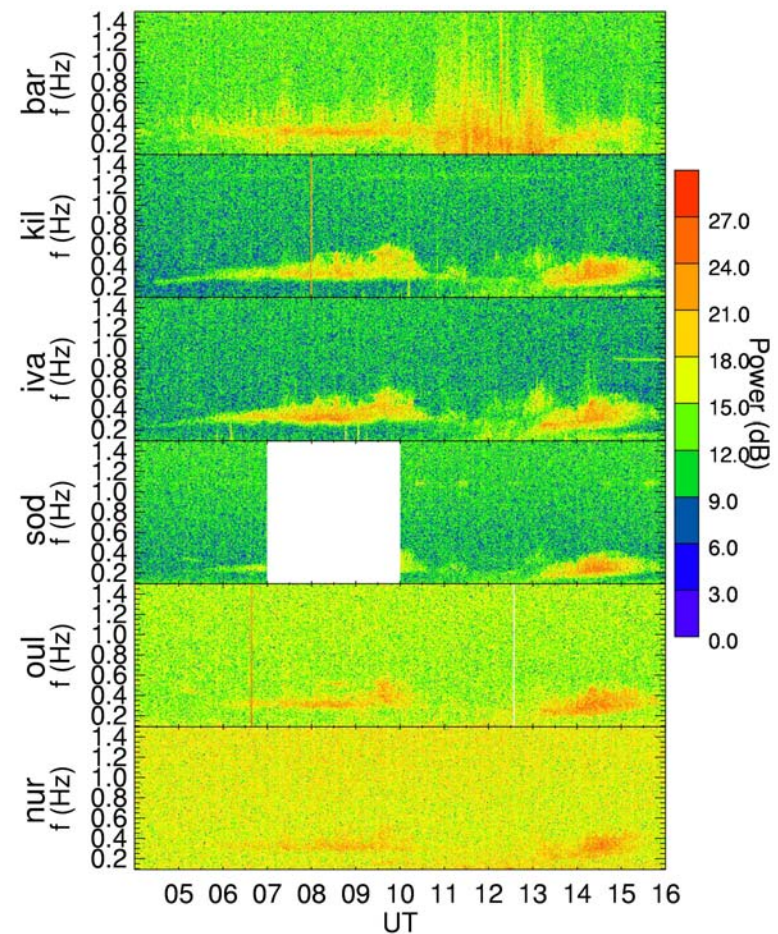


# Cross Latitude Pulsations

- ◆ Full latitudinal range of the Finnish Pulsation Magnetometer Chain
- ◆ Activity outside PIF interval appears to have source region at much lower latitude.
- ◆ Significant drop in activity in lower latitude stations during the period of poleward flows.

Dynamic Spectrum, H Component

Date: 20050925 Interval: 0400 - UT, FFT Window: 120 s



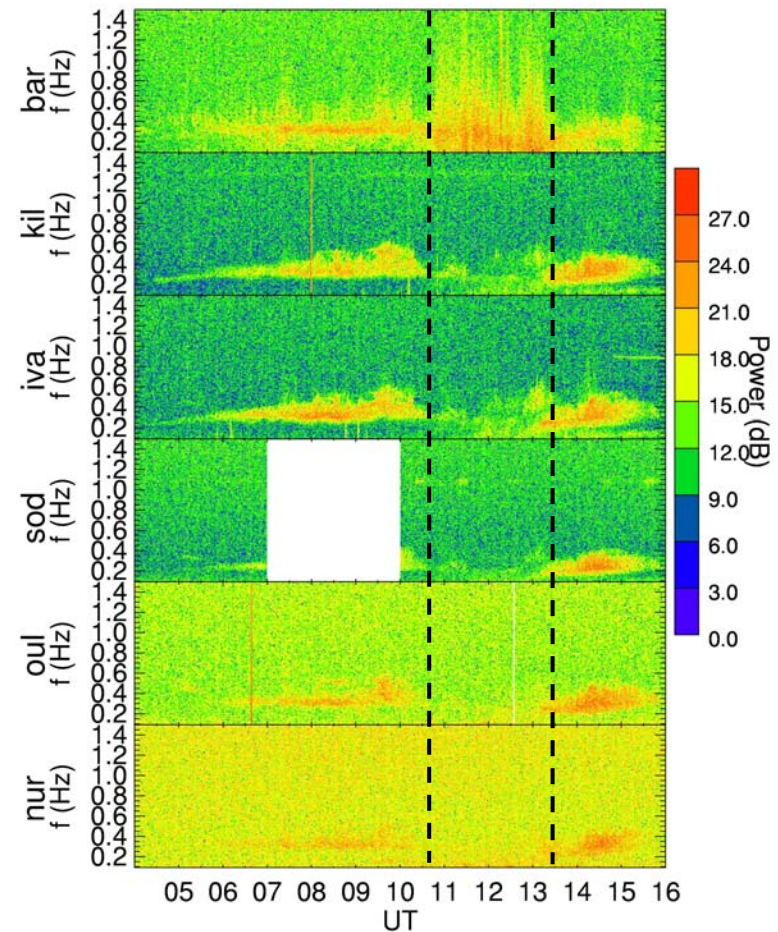


# Cross Latitude Pulsations

- ◆ Full latitudinal range of the FPMC
- ◆ Activity outside PIF interval appears to have source region at much lower latitude.
- ◆ Significant drop in activity in lower latitude stations during the period of poleward flows.
- ◆ Central frequency of return from drop out is marginally lower

Dynamic Spectrum, H Component

Date: 20050925 Interval: 0400 - UT, FFT Window: 120 s

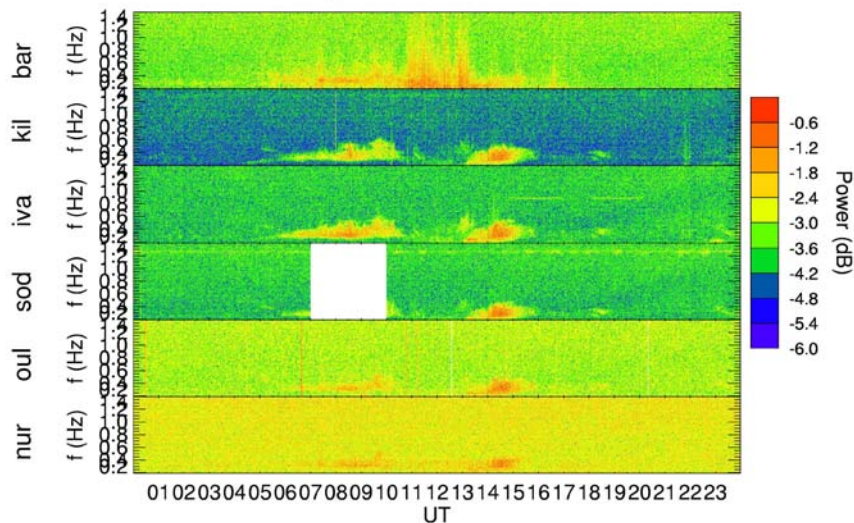


# Polarisation Features

- ◆ Significant right hand polarisation power.
- ◆ Right hand polarisation shows greater horizontal propagation from lower latitude source
- ◆ Possible explanations
  - Mode conversion via heavy ion coupling
  - Mode conversion through conducting ionosphere coupling
  - Anomalous cyclotron resonance

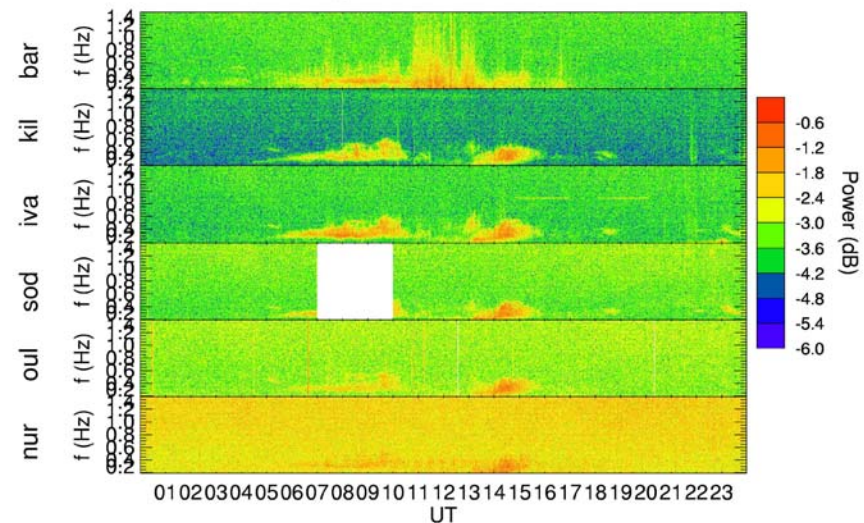
Dynamic Spectrum, L-H Polarization

Date: 20050925 Interval: 0000 - 2400 UT, FFT Window: 120 s



Dynamic Spectrum, R-H Polarization

Date: 20050925 Interval: 0000 - 2400 UT, FFT Window: 120 s



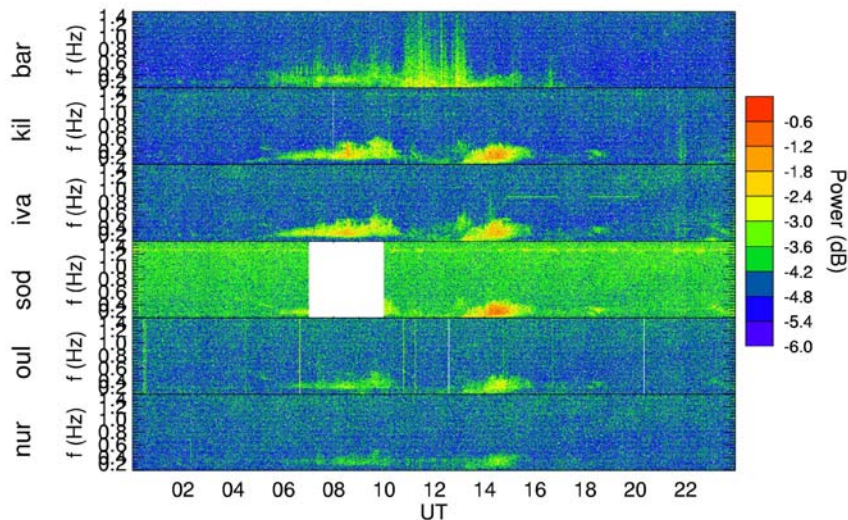


# Polarisation Features

- ◆ Significant right-hand polarisation power.
- ◆ Right-hand polarisation should show greater horizontal propagation
- ◆ Possible explanations
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  - Mode conversion through conducting ionosphere coupling
  - Anomalous cyclotron resonance

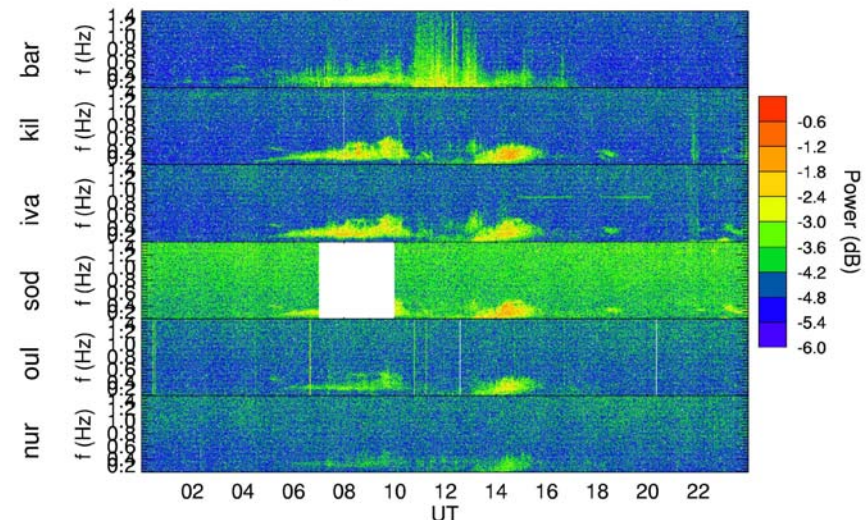
Dynamic Spectrum, L-H Polarization

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Dynamic Spectrum, R-H Polarization

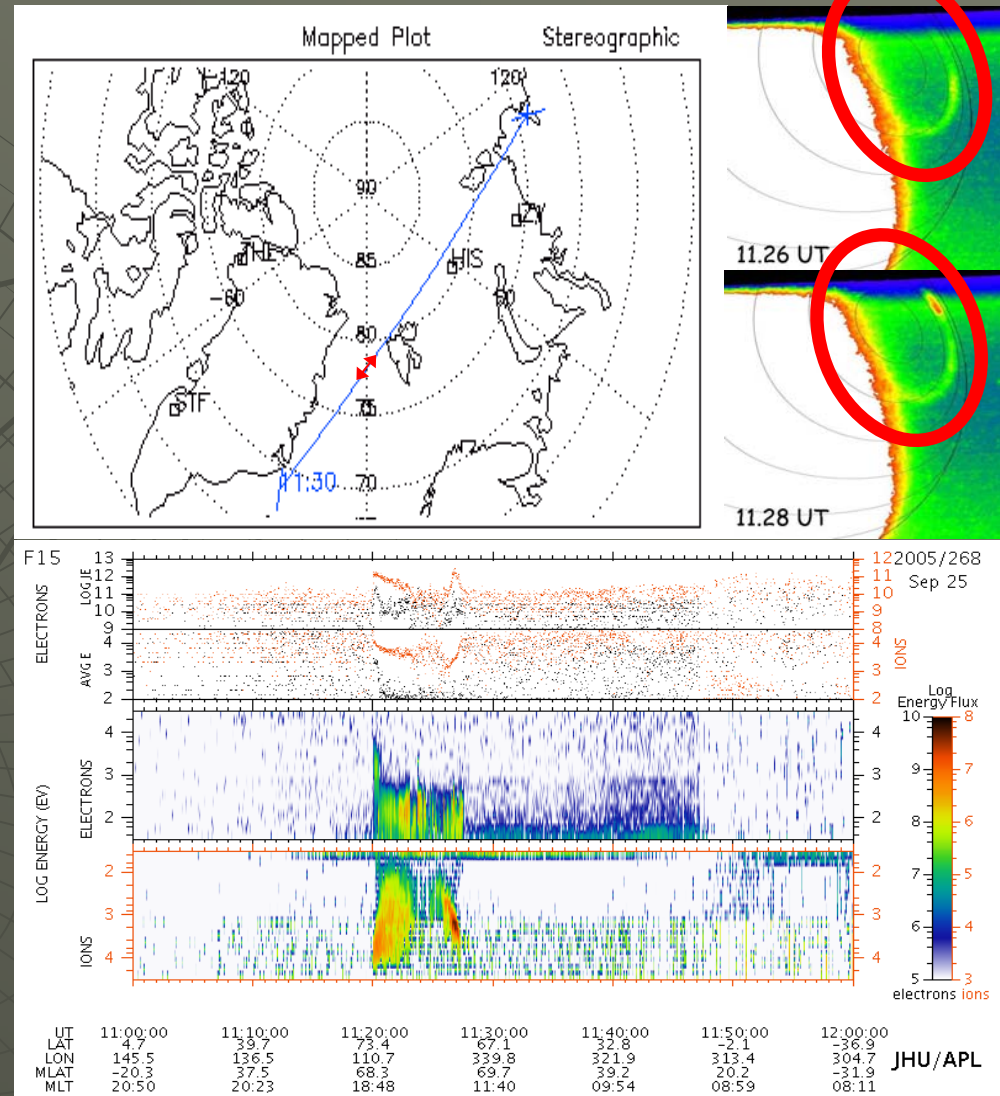
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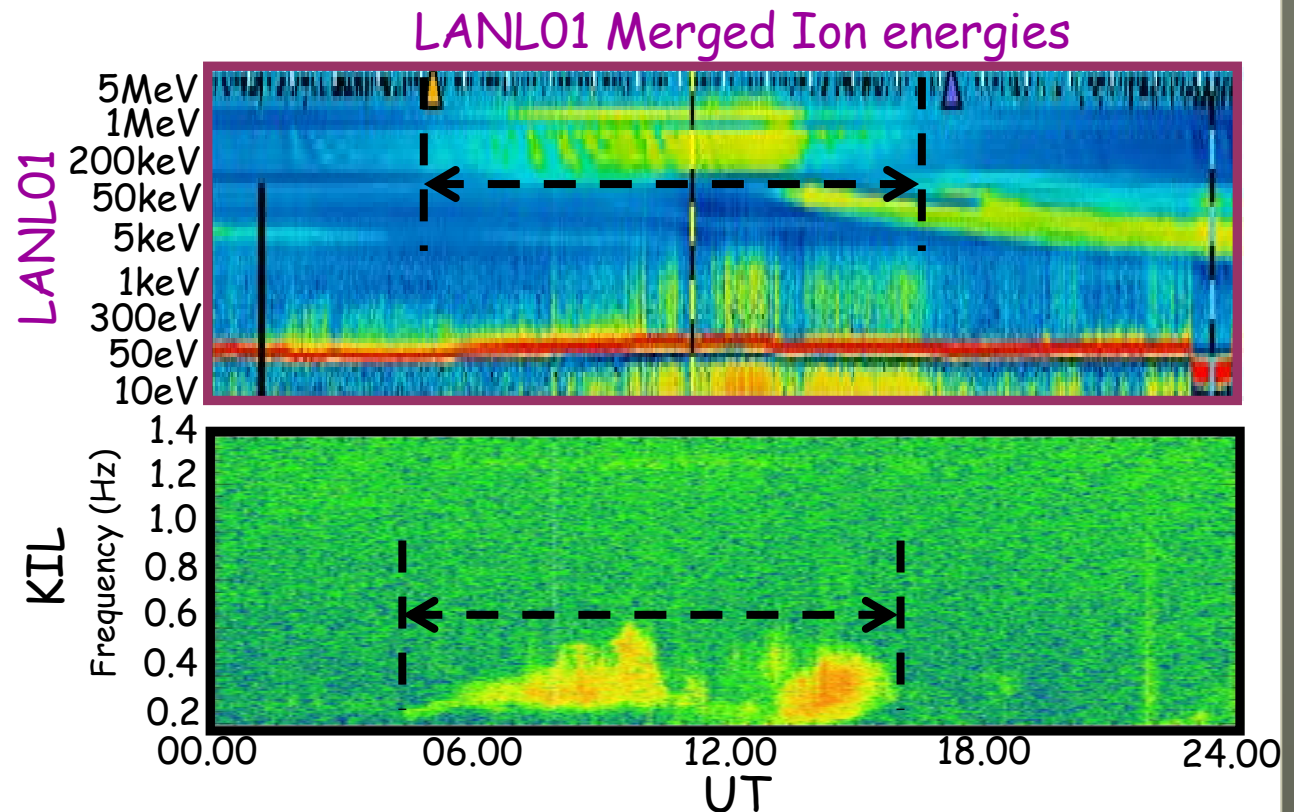
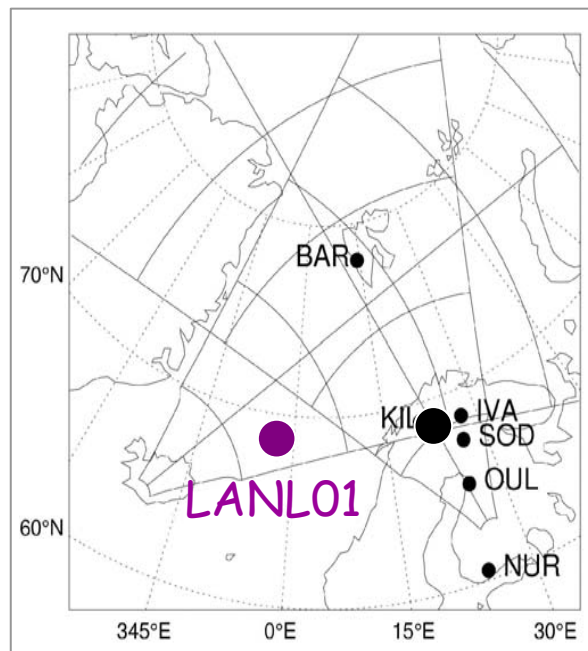
# DMSP Cusp Signature

- ◆ DMSP F15 conjunct at ~11:26
- ◆ Dispersed ion cusp signature at 11:26:30-11:27:20
- ◆ Indicates that Barentsburg is close to the northward edge of the cusp proper
- ◆ IMAGE (WIC) - substorm aurora at ~11.28 UT



# Drifting Energetic Ion Population

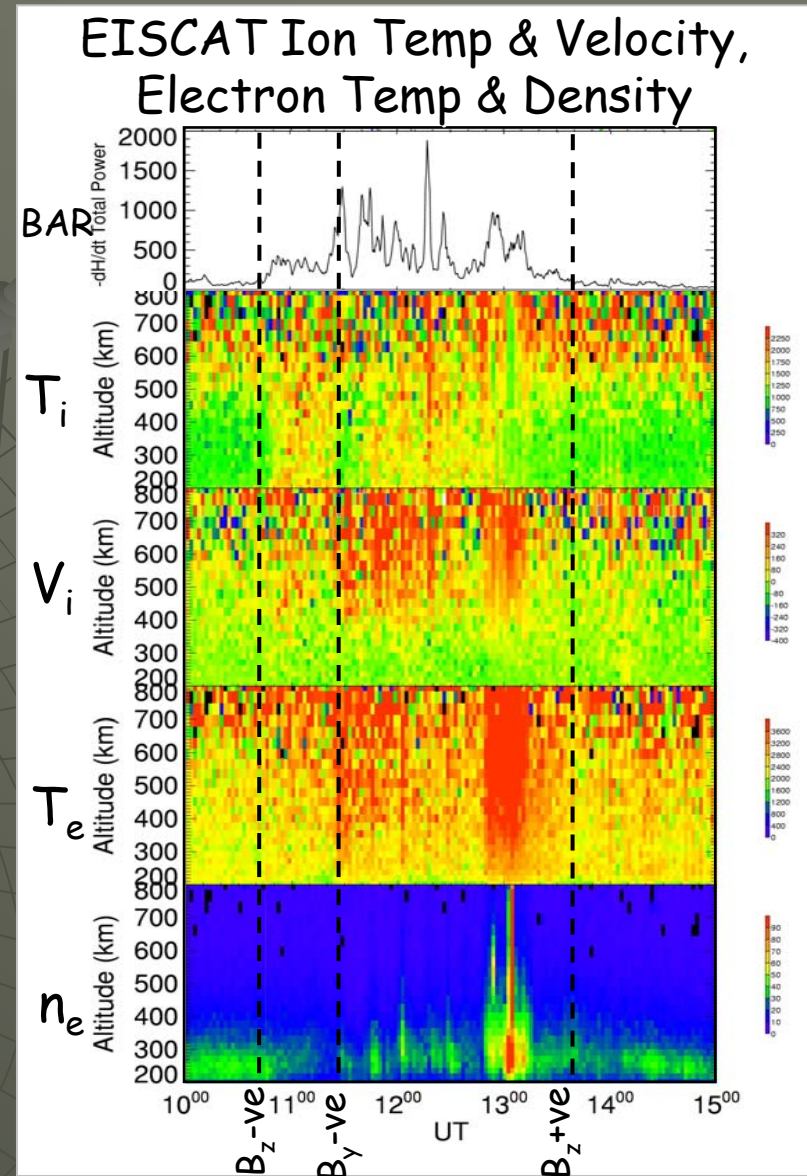
- ◆ Drifting ions of energy  $> 50\text{keV}$
- ◆ Coincident and quasi-continuous during the period of Pc1 pulsation





# ESR Ion Temperature Enhancements

- ◆ 42m field aligned dish.
- ◆ Steffe, common program.
- ◆ Ion temperature enhancements.
- ◆ Ion upwelling throughout interval.
- ◆ Steps in velocity corresponding to  $B_z$  -ve and  $B_y$  -ve intervals.
- ◆ Upward ion flow is consistent with normal cyclotron resonance observed on the ground





# Further Work

- ◆ Analysis of pulsation substructure.
- ◆ Determination of ion temperature anisotropy and interaction with neutrals in the reconnection region.
- ◆ Consideration of heavy ion contribution to polarisation characteristics
- ◆ Quantify the change in conditions that lead to the curtailing of low latitude wave growth.

# Summary

- ◆ Presented an interval of Pc1-2 activity over a wide range of latitudes.
- ◆ Suggested that the particle population responsible for EMIC wave growth during distinct intervals within the event originated from independent sources.
- ◆ Suggested that the Pc1-2 activity is associated with Pulsed Ionospheric flows of reasonably enhanced spectral width.
- ◆ Shown that upward ion flow in the region northward of the dayside reconnection site is associated with downward travelling EMIC waves.